

Year 8 Term 1

Chapter	Emerging	Developing	Secure	Excelling
Whole numbers and decimals (Number)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add, subtract, multiply and divide integers. Identify factors and multiples and test numbers for divisibility. Identify prime numbers. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Order, add and subtract negative numbers and decimals. Multiply and divide by 10, 100, 0.1 and 0.01. Use BIDMAS rules to do a calculation in the correct order. Find lowest common multiples (LCM) and highest common factors (HCF). Round whole numbers and decimals. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise and use cube and square numbers, cube roots and square roots. Write a number as the product of its prime factors. Round numbers to a given number of significant figures. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use trial-and-improvement to find square and cube roots. Multiply and divide numbers written in index form. Use prime factors to find HCF and LCM of pairs of numbers. Find upper and lower bounds of a calculation or measurement.
Measures, perimeter and area (Geometry and measures)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use, read and write standard metric units. Calculate the perimeter and area of a rectangle and shapes made from rectangles. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Convert one metric unit to another. Calculate the area of a triangle, parallelogram and trapezium. Know the names of parts of a circle. Read and interpret scales on a range of measuring instruments. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Convert between metric and imperial units. Calculate the perimeter and area of 2D shapes. Recognise and use common compound measures. Use appropriate metric units to measure length, mass, capacity and area. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand whether a formula represents a length, area or volume. Use pi to calculate the circumference of a circle. Calculate the area of a circle. Understand and use compound measures for speed, density and pressure.
Expressions and formulae (Algebra)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use symbols to make simple expressions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Simplify expressions by collecting like terms. Recognise and write formulae. Expand single brackets. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiply and divide algebraic terms. Substitute values into formulae or simple algebraic expressions. Factorise an expression by taking out a common factor. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add and subtract simple algebraic fractions. Change the subject of a formula. Use index notation (including negative indices) and basic index laws.
Fractions, decimals and percentages (Number)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Simplify equivalent fractions. Add and subtract fractions with same denominator. Find a fraction of a quantity. Multiply and divide integers by a fraction. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand, compare and order decimals. Order fractions Express one number as a fraction of another. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Express one number as a percentage of another. Convert between percentages, decimals and fractions and order them. Add and subtract fractions with different denominators. Calculate percentages of an amount and percentage changes. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add and subtract mixed numbers. Multiply and divide fractions. Calculate an original amount from the result of a percentage change. Calculate a percentage increase or a percentage decrease. Calculate a repeated percentage increase and decrease.

Year 8 Term 2

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Fractions, decimals and percentages (Number)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Simplify equivalent fractions. •Add and subtract fractions with same denominator. •Find a fraction of a quantity. •Multiply and divide integers by a fraction. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Understand, compare and order decimals. •Order fractions •Express one number as a fraction of another. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Express one number as a percentage of another. •Convert between percentages, decimals and fractions and order them. •Add and subtract fractions with different denominators. •Calculate percentages of an amount and percentage changes. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Add and subtract mixed numbers. •Multiply and divide fractions. •Calculate an original amount from the result of a percentage change. •Calculate a percentage increase or a percentage decrease. •Calculate a repeated percentage increase and decrease.
Angles and 2D shapes (Geometry and measures)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Use the sum of angles at a point and on a straight line to solve problems. •Recognise vertically opposite angles. •Classify triangles and quadrilaterals. •Use the facts about angles in triangles to solve problems. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Work with angles at a point and on a line. •Work with angles in a triangle. •Work with angles on parallel and intersecting lines. •Recognise parallel and perpendicular lines. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Reason geometrically using the properties of angles at a point, on a line and intersecting and parallel lines. •Recognise quadrilaterals and know their properties. •Know and use some properties of polygons. •Recognise congruent shapes. •Identify and use congruent shapes. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Recognise the different types of triangles and quadrilaterals and use their properties. •Recognise the different types of polygons and calculate interior and exterior angles for regular polygons. •Use the properties of a circle to calculate angles. •Calculate an arc length and sector area of a circle.
Ratio and proportion (Ratio and proportion)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Simplify ratios. •Express one amount as a proportion of a whole. •Compare proportions of amounts using fractions and percentages. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Solve problems involving direct proportion. •Calculate a percentage of an amount. •Understand and use the relationship between ratio and proportion. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Calculate a percentage increase or decrease. •Use fractions, decimals and percentages to compare simple proportions and solve problems. •Divide a quantity into a given ratio. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Use the unitary method to solve direct proportion problems. •Solve ratio and proportion problems. •Describe quantities in direct proportion using an equation or a graph.
Graphs (Algebra)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Read and plot coordinates in all four quadrants. •Use a table of values to draw a straight-line graph. •Identify the equations of, and draw horizontal and vertical graphs. •Use real-life graphs and conversion graphs. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Draw a straight-line graph of a function. •Interpret and draw real-life graphs. •Create and use formulae. •Plot and interpret time series graphs. •Recognise the equations of sloping lines and lines parallel to the axes. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Plot the graph of a linear function. •Find the midpoint of a pair of coordinates. •Relate gradient and y intercept to the general equation $y = mx + c$. •Plot graphs of linear functions and find gradients. •Find the equation of straight-line graphs. •Plot and interpret distance-time graphs. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Use the equation of a straight line. •Plot the graph of an implicit function. •Read and interpret exponential and reciprocal graphs. •Recognise and plot graphs of simple quadratic functions. •Recognise and plot graphs of cubic functions.

Year 8 Term 3

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Graphs (Algebra)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Read and plot coordinates in all four quadrants. •Use a table of values to draw a straight-line graph. •Identify the equations of, and draw horizontal and vertical graphs. •Use real-life graphs and conversion graphs. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Draw a straight-line graph of a function. •Interpret and draw real-life graphs. •Create and use formulae. •Plot and interpret time series graphs. •Recognise the equations of sloping lines and lines parallel to the axes. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Plot the graph of a linear function. •Find the midpoint of a pair of coordinates. •Relate gradient and y intercept to the general equation $y = mx + c$. •Plot graphs of linear functions and find gradients. •Find the equation of straight-line graphs. •Plot and interpret distance-time graphs. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Use the equation of a straight line. •Plot the graph of an implicit function. •Read and interpret exponential and reciprocal graphs. •Recognise and plot graphs of simple quadratic functions. •Recognise and plot graphs of cubic functions.
Mental Calculations (Number)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Use the order of operations, including brackets. •Use mental methods to add, subtract, multiply and divide. •Solve problems using addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. •Use long multiplication. •Multiply decimals by a single digit number. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Round to the nearest whole number, 10, 100 and 1000. •Round to a given decimal place. •Use rounding to estimate and approximate. •Use a calculator to interpret the remainder in a division calculation. •Use short and long division. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Use the rules of arithmetic with negative numbers. •Multiply and divide a number by 10, 100 and 1000, and 0.1 and 0.01. •Solve problems using mental strategies by breaking the problems down into smaller steps. •Use the function keys on a calculator and interpret the display. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Calculate with positive and negative powers of ten. •Use standard written methods for addition and subtraction with whole numbers and decimals. •Use a range of mental and written strategies for decimal calculations.
Statistics (Statistics and probability)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Plan a survey and collect data. •Use frequency tables. •Construct bar charts. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Construct pie charts. •Construct frequency diagrams (including grouped data). •Find the mean, mode, median and range of a list of numbers. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Calculate averages, including from a frequency tables. •Construct scatter diagrams and understand correlation. •Draw and interpret stem and leaf diagrams. •Estimate averages from grouped tables •Make comparisons between sets of data. •Plot and analyse time-series graphs. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Create and interpret a grouped frequency table. •Compare distributions •Draw a frequency polygon. •Find the trends using moving averages. •Draw and use a cumulative frequency graph. •Use box plots to make comparisons between data sets.